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APPLICATION FOR LETTERS PATENT
OF THE UNITED STATES

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TITLE OF INVENTION: INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SYSTEM
GRAPHICAL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE
STORAGE AND TRANSMISSION

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, THE FOLLOWING IS
A SPECIFICATION OF THE AFORESAID INVENTION

TITLE OF INVENTION

INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION SYSTEM GRAPHICAL PROGRAMMING LANGUAGE STORAGE AND TRANSMISSION

5

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims benefit from U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 60/192,147, filed March 24, 2000, under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e).

10

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates generally to graphical programming languages for programmable logic controllers. In particular, the invention 15 concerns a method and system for standardized storage of graphical programming languages.

BACKGROUND

Graphical programming languages are widely used in the field of 20 industrial automation. They provide an intuitive way for automation engineers to specify the control logic for an industrial control application to be run by a controller, usually a programmable logic controller ("PLC"). A PLC may comprise dedicated hardware or, alternatively, be implemented in software on a conventional personal computer, the latter being sometimes referred to as a 25 PC-based PLC. The term PLC will be used here to describe either type of industrial controller.

Existing graphical programming systems for industrial automation control software typically provide a graphical editor that embodies features

that are well-known in the context of text editing. Using a system of this kind, an automation engineer interacts with an editor to select icons from a menu in such a manner as to structure the control flow for the controlled industrial process, set conditions to be observed in that control, and so forth. The 5 symbols available for use via the editor correspond to the particular graphical programming language being used, among which languages are: ladder logic, function block diagrams, sequential function charts and flowcharts, and languages if any embodying other formalisms. The graphical symbols depicted for the engineer by these editors are represented, when stored on a 10 hard drive, for example, by the computer system on which the editor runs, in a private or internal binary form, here referred to as an "internal representation", which is essentially a set of software objects that use volatile memory (RAM) (hereinafter referred to as "memory" or "computer memory") and have associated code. This internal representation is specific or private 15 to the software vendor, rather than being standardized.

When an industrial control program is deemed sufficiently complete to be debugged, or to be run on the PLC, the system compiles the internal representation to arrive at another binary form that is more readily usable by the PLC. In some systems, this compilation step is direct; in others, several 20 layers of compilation are used for reasons unrelated to the present invention.

Some of the graphical programming languages in use today are the subject of international standards, such as are defined in IEC 61131. In contrast to textual programming languages, however, which can be stored in a computer file exactly as the user typed them (i.e., in a serialized form),

there is no commonly agreed upon storage format for graphical programming languages. The representations used in existing graphical language programming systems for industrial control applications, moreover, are not generally human-readable. Nor are they available in a format capable of 5 being interpreted by a browser, such as Internet Explorer 5, or one that is easily or quickly parsed.

The known ways of attempting to address these shortcomings have involved the use of one or another binary format, which has the disadvantage of being private and unreadable with a standard word-processor.

10 Alternatively, a proprietary text format, while capable of being more readable, must be fully defined. That is, it must be shown to follow the rules of a programming language ("grammar"). In order to understand such a program after reading it from a file, a full-blown parser must be written. These shortcomings have limited the utility of programs created using graphical 15 programming systems and placed constraints on the process of developing control programs.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20 The present invention is directed at overcoming the shortcomings of existing industrial automation graphical programming systems described above by providing methods and computer program products for storing graphical, industrial automation programs in a standard format, one that is serialized, relies on a text-based language (i.e., a mark-up language),

includes tags or analogous functionality for identifying items, and that has as the ability to describe data hierarchically. More specifically, the present invention provides a mechanism that is standardized, readable by a human, supported by existing browser technology (e.g., Microsoft Internet Explorer 5 ("IE5")), is easy and fast parsing, and that supports hierarchical information structures.

The present invention also provides methods, systems and computer program products that permit industrial automation control programs, once created in whole or in part, to be transmitted over a network in an easily-
10 displayed and apprehended form. The program code stored in this standard, readable form can be transmitted over a network to, or received from, a plurality of computer systems. In addition, markup language schemas (or analogous definitions) describing content models for markup language files generated by graphical programming language applications can be made
15 available to a plurality of developers by posting, for example, on an internet site. This approach is intended to permit, among other advantages, distributed generation of industrial automation program code or applications.

In addition, or alternatively, code generated by a first system employing a first internal representation of code generated by a graphical programming language can be converted to the markup-language (e.g., XML)
20 format, transmitted to a second system employing a second internal representation of the code, and there be reconverted to the second internal representation. The present invention, in this embodiment, is thereby capable of providing interoperability between systems.

Accordingly, an embodiment of the present invention provides a method for representing industrial automation computer program code created using a graphical programming language tool that stores the created code in computer memory in an internal representation during execution.

- 5 The method comprises the steps of identifying industrial automation code in computer memory in the internal representation and converting the code from the internal representation to a markup language format.

Another embodiment of the present invention involves a computer program product used in conjunction with a computing device for creating 10 industrial automation system control program code with a graphical language programming tool and storing the code in a computer memory in an internal representation during execution. The computer program product comprises a computer usable medium comprising computer readable program code for identifying industrial automation system control program code stored in 15 computer memory in the internal representation. The computer program product further comprises computer readable program code for converting the identified industrial automation control program code from the internal representation to a markup language format.

A further embodiment of the present invention involves a computer 20 program product that comprises a computer-readable storage medium and has data stored on it that comprises a representation of industrial automation control code formatted in markup language.

Another embodiment of the present invention relates to a computer program product for permitting a user to create industrial automation control

programs. The product comprises a computer-readable storage medium having computer program code stored on it. The computer program code comprises industrial automation graphical programming language code. The graphical programming language code comprises an editor adapted to permit
5 the user to create industrial automation control code using graphical elements, the control code being stored in memory in an internal representation during execution; and computer program code for converting industrial automation control code, stored in memory in the internal representation, from the internal representation to a markup language format.

10 In another embodiment of the present invention, a method is provided for communicating the logical structure of industrial automation control program data to permit a plurality of application developers to create applications relating to the data. The method comprises the steps of creating a schema defining a content model for markup language files generated by
15 an industrial automation control program system and posting the schema for access over a network by the application developers.

Still further, an embodiment of the present invention entails a method for providing industrial automation control code from a server system over a network to which the server system is coupled and to a client system also coupled to the network. The method comprises the steps of accessing a 20 markup-formatted version of the control code and transmitting the accessed, markup-formatted control code over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to the client system, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the client system.

Yet another embodiment of the present invention relates to a method for programming industrial automation control applications comprising the steps of providing a computer system coupled to a network, configuring the first computer system to receive over the network transmissions of data from 5 a plurality of industrial automation program developer systems, and receiving data from the plurality of industrial automation program developer systems program code in a markup language format.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

10 Figure 1 provides, in schematic form, an illustration of an embodiment of the computer program product according to the present invention in the context of an industrial automation control system that includes an industrial automation control programming system.

15 Figure 2 provides, in schematic form, an illustration of an embodiment of a conversion process according to the present invention.

Figure 3 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a flowchart which, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is to be converted into a markup format.

20 Figure 4 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a flowchart body (corresponding to the flowchart object model of Figure 3) which, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is to be converted into a markup format.

Figure 5 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a flowchart interface (corresponding to the flowchart object

model of Figure 3) which, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is to be converted into a markup format.

Figure 6 provides an illustration of an embodiment of a system for deploying computer program product according to the present invention and
5 for performing an embodiment of one or more methods according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The various embodiments of the invention briefly described above,
10 and set forth in the appended claims, are described below with reference to the figures, as well as to the code provided at the end of the text.

The present invention is directed to the creation of a standard, human-readable, preferably browser-readable representation of otherwise non-standardized representations of graphical programming language code
15 for industrial automation. In a presently preferred embodiment of an aspect of the invention, XML is used as a standard storage format. XML, short for “the Extensible Markup Language”, is a subset of the Standard Generalized Markup Language (“SGML”) and is, essentially, a set of rules for defining a text based markup language. See, for example, *XML IE5 Programmer’s Reference*, by A. Homer, WROX Press Ltd., 1999 and *Applied XML: A Toolkit for Programmers*, by A. Ceponkus and F. Hoodbhoy, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 1999, the contents of which are herein incorporated by reference in their entirety. The invention is not limited to the use of XML, but can also
20

be embodied with other markup languages corresponding to the definition set forth below

Moreover, the present invention can be practiced using Microsoft Visual Studio 6.0, as well as Microsoft XML (available as part of Internet Explorer 5).

For each graphical language used in the field of industrial automation, a set of XML tags, elements and attributes, as well as an XML schema (or document type definition "DTD") are defined. A specific computer program, an example of which is described below for the conversion of a flowchart program to XML, is used to transform, convert or serialize the graphical program.

A number of terms frequently used in this document are defined below.

The term "data storage device," as used here, refers to any medium for the computer-retrievable storage of data including, without limitation, memory (e.g., RAM), hard disk, compact disk, floppy disk, or other storage device.

The term "computer program product", as used here, includes any product capable of retaining data that may include computer program code and that can be permanently or temporarily coupled to a computer system that can retrieve data from the computer program product. Computer program products include media that are sold to users of computer systems so that the computer systems can operate in accordance with content stored on them. The term also encompasses hardware coupled to a computer

system onto which content has been downloaded, for example, over a network, so that the computer system can operate in accordance with that content.

The term "editor command", as used here, encompasses any
5 command typically associated with known editors and involving the manipulation of text, code or the like, the commands including, for example, cut, copy, paste, move, delete, save, save as, undo, redo, and so forth.

The term "graphical programming language", as used here,
includes ladder logic, function block diagrams, sequential function charts and
10 flowcharts and other graphical languages, whether now in existence or yet to be developed.

The term "markup-formatted", as used here, refers to the state of having been stored in a markup language format or having been converted (e.g., from a graphical programming language internal representation) to a
15 markup language format (markup being used in the sense defined above).

The term "markup language", as used here, refers to text-based mark-up languages including but not limited to those that are subsets of the Standard Generalized Markup Language, SGML, which use elements that comprise a string of characters, including an individual character string that defines the opening or closing part of the element (corresponding to the term "tag" in XML usage), a name and value pair enclosed within the element's opening character string or tag, the element attribute names and their values, the content of the element and any closing tag, a character string that defines the opening or closing part of an element

The term "network" refers, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, to an internet, but also encompasses any type of data communication network, whether wired or wireless.

An embodiment of the computer program product according to the 5 present invention is shown in schematic form in Figure 1. In that figure, the computer program product is depicted in the context of an industrial automation control system, including an industrial automation control programming system 10, an industrial controller system 20 and a controlled process 30. Industrial controller system 20 may be a PLC that is separate 10 hardware from the computer on which the programming system 10 runs; alternatively, industrial controller system 20 and programming system 10 could be implemented on the same computer device (e.g., embodying what is often referred to as a "PC-based PLC"). The typical programming system, 15 which nowadays allows an industrial automation engineer to program with graphical tools (flowchart elements, for one of several examples), includes an editor 12. Editor 12, when operated by an automation engineer, graphically displays, in whatever formalism it uses, the program created by the engineer. At the same time, it causes the creation and storage in a computer memory of 20 an internal representation (as elaborated upon in Figure 2 and the accompanying text).

The control programming system 10 (one example of which is Step 7®, developed and marketed by Siemens A.G. and Siemens Energy & Automation, Inc.) also may include are one or more compilers 14, which convert, either directly or indirectly, the internal representation created using

the editor 12 into a form that is understandable by the controller 22 of industrial controller system 20. Using the compiled result, and based also on clock data (not shown) and on input received from controlled process 20, controller 22 generates control instructions for running process 30. In 5 addition, the compiled code understandable by controller 22 can be stored on data storage device 26, that is coupled to (or is part of) industrial controller 20.

Another component of programming system 10, according to an embodiment of the present invention, is a converter 16 for converting the 10 internal representation of control programs generated by editor 12 to a markup language format (e.g., XML). The operation of converter 16 is elaborated upon below in connection with Figure 2 and in the appended source code. The markup language formatted code generated by converter 16 can be stored either on data storage device 26, with assistance of 15 identification and location program code 24 running on industrial controller 20, or, alternatively, can be transmitted to network 40 and, via that network, to other systems (not shown).

Figure 2 provides, in schematic form, an illustration of the steps according to an embodiment of a method 50 according to the present 20 invention. A sample of a flowchart program 52 (e.g., generated by editor 12 of Figure 1) is given an internal representation 60 that is usually in binary format, which is held in memory (RAM) (not shown) during execution of the program. The internal representation 60 is, in general, specific to the vendor

of the graphical programming language system 10, is not readable by a human, is not readable using a word-processor, nor using a browser.

The internal representation is converted (or "serialized") into the format of a suitable markup language (as set forth in the corresponding definition, above). Once converted, the graphical program is available in a markup-formatted form 64 (an example of which embodying XML is shown in Figure 2) and can be stored (e.g., in data storage device 26 of Figure 1 and Figure 6). This markup-formatted form 64 of the graphical programming language code, originally represented at 52, can be sent directly to a monitor or display 28, where it can be viewed with known viewing software, including word processing or browser software. It can also be sent to printer 68, to create a human-readable hardcopy. Alternatively, it could be sent over a network 40 to another computer 70, which may have an associated interface 72. Computer 70 could be devoted, for example, to permitting development of control programs, which can then be converted and transmitted or re-transmitted (although not necessarily in that order) to an industrial controller 20, programmed using graphical programming language system 10, where it can then be deployed.

When it becomes necessary to edit or compile an industrial automation program code that is already in markup format, at reference numeral 64, the markup-formatted code 64 is converted back (or "deserialized") from markup language representation to the internal representation 60 (see, e.g., source code appended below).

The steps of the method of Figure 2 may be invoked any time it is convenient or necessary to store or view, or to transmit to others for storage or viewing, a graphical industrial control program in a standardized representation. For example, any time an item is selected using an editing function, such as drag and drop, copy, cut, paste, undo, redo, etc., the conversion can be performed, creating a markup language (e.g., XML) string in memory that can be placed, for example, on a clipboard for transfer elsewhere. If a "save" were to be done to a graphical industrial automation program, or part of one, it would be converted, at 62, to markup format (e.g., 5 XML) and saved in a file, for example, on storage device 26 of Figure 1.

Upon file "open" command being invoked relative to that stored, markup-formatted file, the file would be read and converted, at 66, back to the internal 10 representation.

Figure 3 provides an illustration of an object model for an internal representation of a graphical programming language formalism. As in Figure 2, reference numeral 52, a flowchart formalism, is used for purposes of illustration. The corresponding internal representation, reference numeral 60 in Figure 2, is to be converted into a markup format. This object model, of 15 flowchart type (FChType) may, like the other object models, be implemented 20 using COM ("Common Object Model") technology, available from Microsoft Corp., or other suitable tools (See Class FChType, in the appended source code, below). Object FChType includes within its structure a flowchart body object, FchBody, and an interface object, FchInterface, both in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with object FChType. (See legend in Figure 3).

- Figure 4 provides an illustration of an object model for an embodiment of the present invention, specifically focusing on an object model of a flowchart body, FChBody corresponding to the object model illustrated in Figure 3. Body object FChBody stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship to a flowchart elements object, FChElements, as well as with a flowchart links element, FChLinks, the latter being in a one-to-many aggregation relationship with a flowchart link element, FChLink.
- 5 FChElements, in turn, stands in a one-to-many aggregation relationship with one or more FChElement instances, each of which is related FChLink. A
- 10 FChLink object connects 2 FChElement objects, a SourceElement to a TargetElement.

Each FChElement stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with an FChInstance object, which in turn stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with a FChAssignments object. Each FChAssignments object

15 stands, in turn, in a one-to-many aggregation relationship with one or more FChAssignment objects.

- Figure 5 provides an illustration of an object model for an embodiment of the present invention, specifically focusing on an object model of a flowchart interface, corresponding to the object model illustrated in Figure 3.
- 20 The FChInterface object stands in a one-to-one aggregation relationship with FChInterfaceItems object, and in a one-to-many relationship with the FChInterfaceItem. Moreover, FChInterfaceItems object is in a one-to-many FChInterfaceItem object.

Referring again to Figure 2, the internal representation 60, described above in connection with Figures 3, 4 and 5, is converted at reference numeral 62 to a suitable markup language format, for example XML. See the commented source code, below, for further detail.

- 5 Figure 6 provides an illustration of an embodiment of a system for deploying computer program product according to the present invention and for performing an embodiment of one or more methods according to the present invention. An industrial automation programming and control system 18, which can include or incorporate a PLC 20 (as shown by the dotted lines)
- 10 is coupled to a display 28, to at least one data storage device 26 and to a controlled process 30. In addition, it is coupled to a network 40, over which it can communicate with other computers also connected directly or indirectly to the same network 40. For example, industrial automation programming and control system 18 can be in communication over network 40 with a remote
- 15 computer 70 having a display 72 and data storage device(s) 74, or with a plurality of such computers, one of which is shown at reference numeral 80, also having a display 82 and data storage device(s) 84.

By using the conversion approach shown in Figure 2 and described in the accompanying text, not only can markup-formatted code be easily viewed 20 at the site where it was created, but can easily be sent over a network 40 to another computer 70, where an operator may, using display 72, readily examine the code on the display, using a browser, for example. If the operator were an industrial automation controls engineer or developer of industrial automation control code, that operator could generate program

code on computer 70 that could subsequently be converted to markup format and transmitted or re-transmitted (although not necessarily in that order) to an industrial automation programming and control system 18 or controller 20.

The same could be done using computer 80, or via any number of computers

- 5 in communication over network 40 with automation programming and control system 18.

Communications over network 40, preferably although not necessarily an internet, between various involved computers depicted in Figure 6 can be done in any suitable manner including, without limitation, via downloading of

- 10 pages using hypertext transfer protocol, or even via sending electronic mail messages.

Given this configuration, in an embodiment of an aspect of the present invention, computer 70 could be considered an industrial automation control code server system coupled over a network to a client system 18. Computer

- 15 70 accesses a markup-formatted version of the control code, transmits the accessed, markup-formatted control code over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to system 18, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the client system. Moreover, system 18, in response to the received markup-formatted
- 20 control code, may transmit to computer 70 over the network 40 data relating to the automation to which the markup-formatted control code is directed.

Furthermore, computer 70 can generate or otherwise access control code modified in response to receipt of the data from system 18, wherein the modified control code is markup-formatted. In addition, the markup-

formatted, modified control code can be transmitted over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to the system 18, thereby causing the transmitted, modified, markup-formatted control code to be received by the system 18.

5 Figure 6 depicts an embodiment of another aspect of the present invention involving a method for communicating the logical structure of industrial automation control program data to permit a plurality of application developers to create applications relating to the data. According to the method, a schema (or analogous data) (see source code for an example
10 schema appended below) defining a content model for markup language files generated by an industrial automation control program system (e.g., XML) is posted for access over network 40 (e.g., internet). Application developers using, for example, computers 70, 80 and 90, can then access and
15 understand the logical structure of the graphical programming language data and can write their own applications. Developers and systems that communicate with one another using the standardized format according to the present invention need not use identical internal representations 60 of the automation system control code, provided that their conversion program takes into account the particulars of the internal representations 60 they do
20 use.

Figure 6 also describes a system in which a method for providing industrial automation control code services can be implemented. Assuming computer 70 can be considered a server running software permitting the creation of markup-formatted industrial automation control code (e.g.,

reference numeral 62 of Figure 2), computer 70 can access such a markup-formatted version of the control code and transmitting the accessed, markup-formatted control code over the network 40 to a client system, for example, computer 18 in connection with a network address corresponding to computer 18, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the client system 18.

Client system 18, which (possibly along with PLC 20), controls process 30, may, in response to receiving the markup-formatted control code (e.g., reference numeral 62), may transmit to the server system 70 data relating to the automation to which the markup-formatted control code is directed.

Server system 70 may modify code it is generating or has generated and, where it has access to automation system control code modified in response to receipt of system data from the client system 18, it may transmit the markup-formatted, modified control code over the network in connection with a network address corresponding to the client system 18, thereby causing the transmitted, modified, markup-formatted control code to be received by client system 18.

In another embodiment of the present invention, the foregoing method may involve a second client system 90 coupled to the network. Server 70 would transmit the accessed, markup-formatted control code (62, Figure 2) over network 40 in connection with a network address corresponding to the second client system 90, thereby causing the transmitted, markup-formatted control code to be received by the second client system 90.

In yet another embodiment of the present invention, which

demonstrates the potential for increased interoperability of systems, the first client system 18 may be configured to reconvert the markup-formatted control code to a first internal representation, while the second client system 96 is configured to reconvert the markup-formatted control code to a second

5 internal representation.

Finally, Figure 6 also is directed to a method for programming industrial automation control applications using a plurality of distributed applications developers. A computer system 18 is provided and coupled to a network 40 and configured to receive over the network 40 transmissions of

10 data from a plurality of industrial automation program developer systems 70,...,80, the transmissions comprising data from program developer systems 70,...,80, in a markup language format.

In addition to the embodiments of the aspects of the present invention described above and in the XML schema and source code listings set forth

15 below, those of skill in the art will be able to arrive at a variety of other arrangements and steps which, if not explicitly described in this document, nevertheless embody the principles of the invention and fall within the scope of the appended claims.

Example of a Flowchart program in XML:

```

<?xml version="1.0" ?>
<ChartSource ExecutableTypeName="FUNCTION_BLOCK">
<Interface>
5   <Section Name="VAR_INPUT">
    <Item Name="Enabled" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Bool" Init="TRUE"/>
    <Item Name="Frozen" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Bool" Init="FALSE"/>
  </Section>
  <Section Name="VAR_OUTPUT">
10  <Item Name="Active" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Bool" Init="FALSE"/>
  </Section>
  <Section Name="VAR">
    <Item Name="Index" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Int" Init="0"/>
    <Item Name="Internal" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Struct">
15    <Item Name="Trace" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Array [1..32] of Bool"/>
    <Item Name="CurrentStep" Mode="ReadOnly" Type="Int" Init="0"/>
    </Item>
    <Item Name="xxx" Mode="ReadOnly" FChType="Called" Type="FB16"/>
  </Section>
20  </Interface>
  <Body>
    <Elements>
      <Element Number="0" Type="TBegin" Caption="Begin"/>
      <Element Number="1" Type="TEnd" Caption="End"/>
25      <Element Number="2" Type="TSubChart" Caption="Test1">
        <Instance Name=" Test1" InterfaceVersion="14" ChartType="Called">
          <Assignment Name="BoolPara" Value="" />
          <Assignment Name="IntPara" Value="" />
        </Instance>
30      </Element>
    </Elements>
  
```

```

<Links>
<Link Number="1" SourceElement="2" TargetElement="1" Index="0"
Caption="" />
<Link Number="2" SourceElement="0" TargetElement="2" Index="0"
5 Caption="" />
</Links>
</Body>
</ChartSource>

```

10 The XML string can be validated using an XML-Schema. A schema
describes the elements and attribute allowed in an XML file.

 Example: Schema file for a flowchart

```

<Schema xmlns="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:xml-data"
15        xmlns:dt="urn:schemas-microsoft-com:datatypes">

<ElementType name="Comment" content="textOnly"/>

<AttributeType name="Name" dt:type="string"/>
<AttributeType name="Value" dt:type="string"/>

20        <ElementType name="Attribute" content="empty">
          <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
          <attribute type="Value" required="yes"/>
          </ElementType>

25        <ElementType name="Attributes" content="eltOnly">
          <element type="Attribute" maxOccurs="*"/>
          </ElementType>

30        <AttributeType name="Mode" dt:type="enumeration" dt:values="Mixed
ReadOnly Edit"/>
          <AttributeType name="Type" dt:type="string"/>

```

```
<AttributeType name="Init" dt:type="string"/>

<ElementType name="Item" content="eltOnly">
    <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
    5      <attribute type="Mode" required="yes"/>
    <attribute type="Type" required="yes"/>
    <attribute type="Init"/>
    <element type="Comment" minOccurs="0"/>
    <element type="Attributes" minOccurs="0"/>
    10     <element type="Item" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="*"/>
</ElementType>

<ElementType name="Section" content="eltOnly">
    <AttributeType name="Name" dt:type="enumeration"
    15      dt:values="VAR_INPUT VAR_OUTPUT VAR_IN_OUT VAR VAR_TEMP"/>
    <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
    <element type="Item" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="*"/>
</ElementType>

    20 <ElementType name="Interface" content="eltOnly">
        <element type="Section" maxOccurs="*"/>
</ElementType>

<ElementType name="Assignment" content="empty">
    25      <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
      <attribute type="Value" required="yes"/>
</ElementType>

<AttributeType name="ChartType" dt:type="string"/>
    30 <ElementType name="Instance" content="eltOnly">
      <attribute type="Name" required="yes"/>
```

```
<attribute type="ChartType" required="yes"/>
<element type="Assignment" maxOccurs="*"/>
</ElementType>

5   <ElementType name="SourceCode" content="textOnly"/>

<AttributeType name="Number" dt:type="int"/>
<AttributeType name="Caption" dt:type="string" default="" />

10  <ElementType name="Element" content="eltOnly">
    <attribute type="Number" required="yes"/>
    <attribute type="Type" required="yes"/>
    <attribute type="Caption" required="no"/>
    <group minOccurs="0" order="one">
15    <group order="seq">
        <element type="Comment"/>
        <element type="SourceCode"/>
    </group>
    <element type="Instance" maxOccurs="*"/>
20  </group>
</ElementType>

<ElementType name="Elements" content="eltOnly">
    <element type="Element" maxOccurs="*"/>
25  </ElementType>

<AttributeType name="SourceElement" dt:type="int"/>
<AttributeType name="TargetElement" dt:type="int"/>
<AttributeType name="Index" dt:type="int"/>

30  <ElementType name="Link" content="empty">
    <attribute type="Number" required="yes"/>
```

```
<attribute type="SourceElement" required="yes"/>
<attribute type="TargetElement" required="yes"/>
<attribute type="Index" required="yes"/>
<attribute type="Caption"/>
5 </ElementType>

<ElementType name="Links" content="eltOnly">
    <element type="Link" maxOccurs="*"/>
</ElementType>

10 <ElementType name="Body" content="eltOnly" order="seq">
    <element type="Elements"/>
    <element type="Links"/>
</ElementType>

15 <AttributeType name="ExecutableTypeName" dt:type="string"/>

<ElementType name="ChartSource" content="eltOnly" order="seq">
    <attribute type="ExecutableTypeName" required="yes"/>
20    <element type="Interface"/>
    <element type="Body"/>
</ElementType>

</Schema>
```

25

This embodiment of a schema describes the content model for XML files generated by converting a flow chart application. Such a schema can be posted, over a network, for example, so that other users can understand the logical structure of the flow chart data and thereupon write applications

30 manipulating this data in a way they see fit. Like Document Type Definitions

(DTD's), which might be considered their predecessors, schemas provide a way of describing the structure of XML data. Schemas may be preferable to DTDs, in that, unlike DTDs, they use a syntax to that of XML. Also, they allow a more precise description than do DTDs, because they incorporate

5 data typing and inheritance.

The following is, for an embodiment of the present invention, a description of the requirements a document must meet to be validated by flwschma.xml, starting with the root element <ChartSource>:

(Note: All attributes are of type 'string' unless otherwise stated.)

- 10 ➤ <ChartSource> - The schema's root element, <ChartSource> requires an "ExecutableTypeName" attribute, one <Interface> element, and one <Body> element.
- <Interface> - This element requires at least one <Section> element.
- <Section> - This element requires a "Name" attribute. "Name" must have one of the following values: VAR_INPUT, VAR_OUTPUT, VAR_IN_OUT, VAR, VAR_TEMP. There may be any number of <Item> elements.
- 15 ➤ <Item> - This element requires "Name," "Mode," and "Type" attributes. "Mode" must have one of the following values: Mixed, ReadOnly, Edit. The following are optional: an "Init" attribute, one <Comment> element, one <Attributes> element, and any number of <Item> elements.
- <Comment> - This element contains text only.
- <Attributes> - This element requires at least one
- 20 <Attribute> element.
- <Attribute> - This element requires "Name" and "Value" attributes.
- 25

- <Body> - This element requires one <Elements> element and one <Links> element.
 - <Elements> - This element requires at least one <Element> element.
- 5 ➤ <Element> - This element requires "Number" and "Type" attributes. "Number" is of type 'int.' The following are optional:
a "Caption" attribute, and either 1)the sequence of one <Comment> element followed by one <SourceCode> element or 2)any number of <Instance> elements.
- 10 ➤ <Comment> - This element contains text only.
- <SourceCode> - This element contains text only.
- <Instance> - This element requires "Name" and "ChartType" attributes. Optional is any number of <Assignment> elements.
- 15 ➤ <Assignment> - This element requires "Name" and "Value" attributes.
- <Links> - This element requires at least one <Link> element.
- <Link> - This element requires "Number," "SourceElement," "TargetElement," and "Index" attributes. "Number," "SourceElement," "TargetElement," and "Index" are of type 'int.'
20 Optional is a "Caption" attribute.

Source Code

25 Class FChType

```
*****
'* Creates a FChType object from a XML string
'* NewContents contains the XML string
*****
```

30 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim strContents As String
Dim regserv As FChRegServer.FChRegistry

```

Dim strTemplateFolder As String
Dim xmlns As String
Dim FileName As String
Dim fso As Scripting.FileSystemObject
5   strContents = NewContents
If Mid$(strContents, 1, 1) = ChrW$(&HFEFF) Then
    strContents = Mid$(strContents, 2)
End If
Set fso = New Scripting.FileSystemObject
10  Set regserv = New FChRegServer.FChRegistry
    strTemplateFolder = regserv.GetTemplateFolderPath
    Set regserv = Nothing
    FileName = strTemplateFolder & "fbschema.xml"
    If fso.FileExists(FileName) Then
15    xmlns = "<ChartSource xmlns='x-schema:' & FileName & "" "
        strContents = Replace$(strContents, "<ChartSource ", xmlns, 1, 1,
vbTextCompare)
    End If
    XMLReadProperties strContents
20  Exit Property
ErrorHandler:
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChType.Contents", UNEXPECTED
End Property

```

25

```
*****

```

Public Property Get Contents() As Variant

```
*****

```

* Gets the contents of a FChType object as XML string

30 /* Return value is the XML string representing this object.

```
*****

```

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

```

Dim strContents As String
Dim b() As Byte
If Initialized Then
    XMLWriteProperties strContents
5     b = ChrW$(&HFEFF) & strContents
    Contents = b
Else
    Contents = ""
End If
10    Exit Property
ErrorHandler:
    Contents = Empty
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChType.Contents", UNEXPECTED
End Property
15
*****  

Private Sub XMLReadProperties(ByVal xml As String)
*****  

'* Reads the object properties from a XML string
20 '* xml contains the XML string
*****  

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument
Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
25 Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
Dim strTagName As String
Dim strAddInfo As String
Dim ExecutableTypeName As String
30 Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument
If objDOMDocument.loadXML(xml) Then
    Set rootElement = objDOMDocument.documentElement

```

```
mExecutableType = XMLReadExecutableType(rootElement)
Set childElements = rootElement.childNodes
For Each childElement In childElements
    strTagName = childElement.TagName
    5      Select Case strTagName
    Case "Interface"
        If Not mInterfaceLoaded Then
            mInterface.XMLReadProperties childElement
            mInterfaceLoaded = True
        10     End If
    Case "Body"
        If Not mBodyLoaded Then
            mBody.XMLReadProperties childElement
            mBodyLoaded = True
        15     End If
    Case Else
        ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
        "FChType.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, strTagName
    End Select
    20     Next
Else
    strAddInfo = objDOMDocument.parseError.Reason
    On Error GoTo 0
    ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_PARSER,
    25   "FChType.XMLReadProperties", ALARM, strAddInfo
    End If
    Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChType.XMLReadProperties",
    30   UNEXPECTED
End Sub
```

```
*****
Private Function XMLReadExecutableType(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT) As FChExecutableType
*****
5   /* Reads the ExecutableType property from a XML object
   /* xmlElement contains the XML element
   /* Return value is the ExecutableType
*****
10  On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
    Dim strExecutabletype As String
    strExecutabletype = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement,
"ExecutableTypeName")
    If strExecutabletype = "FUNCTION_BLOCK" Then
15    XMLReadExecutableType = FUNCTION_BLOCK
    Else
        ErrorMessage ERRMOD_UNSUPPORTED_EXECUTABLETYPE,
"FCType.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
strExecutabletype
20    End If
    Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
    XMLReadExecutableType = FUNCTION_BLOCK
    ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
25    "FCType.XMLReadExecutableType", WARNING
End Function
*****
30  Private Sub XMLWriteProperties(xml As String)
*****
   /* Writes the properties to an xml String
```

```

'* The xml string is return in the variable xml
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument
5 Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Dim NewSize As Long
NewSize = (CLng(mBody.Elements.Count \ 32) + 1) * 32 'change trace size
mInterface.ChangeTraceSize NewSize
10 Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument
Set rootElement = objDOMDocument.CreateElement("ChartSource")
Set objDOMDocument.documentElement = rootElement
rootElement.SetAttribute "ExecutableTypeName", ExecutableTypeName
mInterface.XMLWriteProperties rootElement
15 mBody.XMLWriteProperties rootElement
xml = "<?xml version=""1.0"" ?>" & vbCrLf & _
Replace(objDOMDocument.xml, "><", ">" & vbCrLf & "<")
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
20 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChType.XMLWriteProperties",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub

```

25

Class FChInterface

```

*****
30 Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
*****
```

```

'* Reads the properties of the FChInterface object from a XML object
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
5 Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
Dim strSectionName As String
Dim IngResult As Long
Dim IfSections As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IIfxCollection
CalledByInternal = True
10 Set mIfServer = New S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.Interface
If Not mChartType Is Nothing Then
    IngResult = mIfServer.Create(S7_FB_IF)
Elseif Not mChartTask Is Nothing Then
    IngResult = mIfServer.Create(S7_OB_IF)
15 End If
Set mRootNode = mIfServer.RootNode
If mRootNode.HasChildren Then
    Set IfSections = mRootNode.Children
    Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
20 For Each childElement In childElements
    If childElement.TagName = "Section" Then
        strSectionName = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Name")
        Select Case strSectionName
            Case "VAR_INPUT"
                XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("IN")
            Case "VAR_OUTPUT"
                XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("OUT")
            Case "VAR_IN_OUT"
                XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("IN_OUT")
            Case "VAR"
                XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("STAT")
            Case "VAR_TEMP"

```

```
XMLCreateSection childElement, IfSections.GetItem("TEMP")  
Case Else  
End Select  
Else  
    ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,  
    "FChInterface.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _  
        childElement.TagName  
End If  
Next  
10 Debug.Print  
Else  
    On Error GoTo 0  
    ErrorMessage ERRMOD_INTERFACE_CREATION_FAILED,  
    "FChInterface.XMLReadProperties", ALARM  
15 End If  
    CalledByInternal = False  
    mModified = False  
    Exit Sub  
ErrorHandler:  
20    CalledByInternal = False  
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLReadProperties",  
    UNEXPECTED  
End Sub  
  
25 *****  
Private Sub XMLCreateSection(xmlElement As  
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement, _  
IFItem As  
30 S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem)  
*****  
'* Reads the properties of an Interface section from a XML object
```

```

*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
5 Dim childItem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem
Dim IngResult As Long
Dim pvarCorrectnessBar As Variant
Dim strAttrValue As String
Dim xmlAttr As MSXML.IXMLDOMAttribute
10 Dim IChartType As FChType
If IFItem Is Nothing Then GoTo ErrorHandler
Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
For Each childElement In childElements
    If childElement.TagName = "Item" Then
15        Set childItem = IFItem.NewChild(-1)
        childItem.ItemProtectionMode = MODE_EDIT
        strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Name")
        If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
            IngResult = childItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_NAME,
20        strAttrValue, _
            pvarCorrectnessBar)
            If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
        End If
        strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "FChType") ' special
25    handling of Subcharts
        If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
            Set IChartType = mChartTypes.Item(strAttrValue)
            If Not IChartType Is Nothing Then
                strAttrValue = IChartType.ExecutableName
30            Set IChartType = Nothing
            End If
        End If
    End If
End If

```

```

If Len(strAttrValue) = 0 Then
    strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Type")
End If
If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
    5    IngResult = childItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_TYPE,
strAttrValue, _
pvarCorrectnessBar)
    If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
End If
10   strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Init")
    If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
        IngResult = childItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_INITIAL,
strAttrValue, _
pvarCorrectnessBar)
    15   If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
    End If
    XMLCreateSection childElement, childItem
'must be called before "Mode" is set (if it is ReadOnly ...)
    strAttrValue = XMLGetAttribute(childElement, "Mode")
20   If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
        If IsNumeric(strAttrValue) Then
            childItem.ItemProtectionMode = CLng(strAttrValue)
        Elseif ItemProtectionModes.Exists(strAttrValue) Then
            childItem.ItemProtectionMode =
        25   ItemProtectionModes(strAttrValue)
        End If
    End If
    Elseif childElement.TagName = "Attributes" Then
        For Each xmlAttr In childElement.Attributes
            30   IngResult = IFItem.SetUDA(xmlAttr.Name, xmlAttr.Value)
        If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
        Next

```

```

ElseIf childElement.TagName = "Comment" Then
    strAttrValue = childElement.Text
    If Len(strAttrValue) > 0 Then
        IngResult = IFItem.SetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_COMMENT,
5      strAttrValue, _
pvarCorrectnessBar)
        If IngResult <> 0 Then GoTo ErrorHandler
    End If
Else
10    ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
    "FChInterface.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
childElement.TagName
    End If
Next
15 Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLCreateSection",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub
20

```

```

*****
Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
*****
25  /* Writes the properties of the FChInterface object to a XML object
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
30  Dim SectionElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Set childElement =
xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Interface")

```

```

xmlElement.appendChild childElement
If Not mChartType Is Nothing Then ' these sections do not exist in OBs =
Tasks
    If mlfServer.InParameter.Count > 0 Then
        5      Set SectionElement =
                childElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Section")
                    childElement.appendChild SectionElement
                    SectionElement.setAttribute "Name", "VAR_INPUT"
                    XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.InParameter, SectionElement
        10     End If
        If mlfServer.OutParameter.Count > 0 Then
            Set SectionElement =
                childElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Section")
                    childElement.appendChild SectionElement
                    15     SectionElement.setAttribute "Name", "VAR_OUTPUT"
                    XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.OutParameter, SectionElement
            End If
            If mlfServer.InOutParameter.Count > 0 Then
                Set SectionElement =
                20     childElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Section")
                    childElement.appendChild SectionElement
                    SectionElement.setAttribute "Name", "VAR_IN_OUT"
                    XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.InOutParameter, SectionElement
            End If
            25     If mlfServer.StaticData.Count > 0 Then
                Set SectionElement =
                childElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Section")
                    childElement.appendChild SectionElement
                    SectionElement.setAttribute "Name", "VAR"
                    30     XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.StaticData, SectionElement
                End If
            End If

```

```
If mlfServer.DynamicData.Count > 0 Then
    Set SectionElement =
        childElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Section")
        childElement.appendChild SectionElement
    5      SectionElement.setAttribute "Name", "VAR_TEMP"
        XMLSectionAsText mlfServer.DynamicData, SectionElement
    End If
    Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
10     ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLWriteProperties",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub

15 ****
Private Sub XMLSectionAsText(Section As
S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IIfxCollection, _
    xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
****

20 /* Writes the properties of an Interface section to a XML object
****

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim ItemCount As Long
Dim Index As Long
25 Dim IFItem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem
ItemCount = Section.Count - 1
For Index = 0 To ItemCount
    Set IFItem = Section.GetItem(Index)
    XMLItemAsText IFItem, xmlElement
30 Next
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
```

```

    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLSectionAsText",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub

```

5

```

*****
Private Sub XMLItemAsText(IFItem As
S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.InterfaceItem, _
xmlElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)
*****
10   /* Writes the properties of an Interface item to a XML object
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim Status As Boolean
15   Dim InitValue As Variant
Dim InitString As String
Dim Pos As Long
Dim udaList As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IIfxCollection
Dim udaltem As S7_Component_Interface_Editor_Server.IUDA
20   Dim i As Long
Dim udaCount As Long
Dim strComment As String
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
Dim UDAELEMent As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
25   Dim strType As String
Dim strFChType As String
Dim TypeID As S7TypeConstants
Dim TypeInfo As Variant
Dim SubTypeID As S7TypeConstants
30   Dim SubTypeInfo As Variant
Dim Result As Long
Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Item")

```

```

xmlElement.appendChild childElement
childElement.setAttribute "Name", IFItem.Name
If ItemProtectionModes.Exists(IFItem.ItemProtectionMode) Then
    childElement.setAttribute "Mode",
5   ItemProtectionModes(IFItem.ItemProtectionMode)
Else
    childElement.setAttribute "Mode", IFItem.ItemProtectionMode
End If
Set udaList = IFItem.udaList
10  udaCount = udaList.Count
If udaCount > 0 Then
    Set UDAEElement =
xmlElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Attributes")
    childElement.appendChild UDAEElement
15  For i = 0 To udaCount - 1
    Set udalItem = udaList.GetItem(i)
    UDAEElement.setAttribute udalItem.Key, udalItem.Value
    Next
End If
20  strType = IFItem.GetAttributeString(ATTRIBUTE_TYPE, Status)
If Mid$(strType, 1, 3) = "FB " Then strType = Replace(strType, " ", "")
Result = IFItem.GetTypeInfo(TypeID, TypeInfo, SubTypeID, SubTypeInfo)
If TypeID = TYPE_S7_TYPE_FB Then
    strFChType = SearchForSubChart(strType)
25  If Len(strFChType) > 0 Then
        childElement.setAttribute "FChType", strFChType
    End If
End If
childElement.setAttribute "Type", strType
30  If InterfaceltemHasChildren(strType) Then
        XMLSectionAsText IFItem.Children, childElement
    Else

```

```

InitString = GetInitString(IFItem)
If Len(InitString) > 0 Then
    childElement.SetAttribute "Init", InitString
End If
5 End If
XMLWriteTextNode childElement, "Comment", IFItem.Comment
Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInterface.XMLItemAsText",
10 UNEXPECTED
End Sub

```

Class FChBody

```

15 ****
Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
****

20 /* Reads the properties of a FChBody object from a XML object
****

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
25 Set mElements = New FChElements
Dim objFChElement As FChElement
Set mElements.Body = Me
Set mLinks = New FChLinks
Set mLinks.Body = Me
30 Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
For Each childElement In childElements
    Select Case childElement.TagName

```

```

Case "Elements"
    mElements.XMLReadProperties childElement
Case "Links"
    mLinks.XMLReadProperties childElement
5   Case Else
        ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
        "FChBody.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, childElement.TagName
        End Select
    Next
10  Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChBody.XMLReadProperties",
    UNEXPECTED
    End Sub
15
*****
Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)
20
'* Writes the properties of FChBody object to a XML object
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
25 Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Body")
xmlElement.appendChild childElement
mElements.XMLWriteProperties childElement
mLinks.XMLWriteProperties childElement
Exit Sub
30 ErrorHandler:
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChBody.XMLWriteProperties",
    UNEXPECTED

```

End Sub

5 **Class FChElements**

**Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)**

```
10   /* Reads the properties of a FChElements object from a XML object
11
12   On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
13
14   Dim objFChElement As FChElement
15   Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
16
17   Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
18   Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
19   mIndex = 0
20
21   For Each childElement In childElements
22     If childElement.tagName = "Element" Then
23       Set objFChElement = New FChElement
24       Set objFChElement.Body = mBody
25       objFChElement.XMLReadProperties childElement
26       If mIndex <= objFChElement.Number Then mIndex =
27       objFChElement.Number + 1
28       mBody.RaiseCreatedEvent objFChElement
29       mCol.Add objFChElement, Format$(objFChElement.Number)
30     Else
31       ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
32       "FChElements.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
33       childElement.tagName
34     End If
35
36   Next
```

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChElements.XMLReadProperties",

UNEXPECTED

5 End Sub

Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As

10 **MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)**

'* Writes the properties of FChElements object to a XML object

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

15 Dim objFChElement As FChElement

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT

Set childElement =

xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Elements")

xmlElement.appendChild childElement

20 For Each objFChElement In mCol

 objFChElement.XMLWriteProperties childElement

Next

Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

25 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChElements.XMLWriteProperties",

UNEXPECTED

End Sub

30 *****

Class FChLinks

```

Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)
*****
'* Reads the properties of a FChLinks object from a XML object
*****
5 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
    Dim objFChlink As FChLink
    Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
    Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
10   Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
    For Each childElement In childElements
        If childElement.tagName = "Link" Then
            Set objFChlink = New FChLink
            Set objFChlink.Body = mBody
15       objFChlink.XMLReadProperties childElement
            If mIndex <= objFChlink.Number Then mIndex = objFChlink.Number +
1
            mBody.RaiseCreatedEvent objFChlink
            mCol.Add objFChlink, Format$(objFChlink.Number)
20       objFChlink.UpdateLinksAdd
        Else
            ErrorMessage ErrMOD_XML_TAG,
            "FChLinks.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, childElement.tagName
            End If
25       Next
        Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
        ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLinks.XMLReadProperties",
        UNEXPECTED
30   End Sub

```

```
*****
Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As
5 MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)
*****
'* Writes the properties of FChLinks object to a XML object
*****
10 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim objFChlink As FChLink
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Links")
xmlElement.appendChild childElement
For Each objFChlink In mCol
15   objFChlink.XMLWriteProperties childElement
Next
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
  ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLinks.XMLWriteProperties",
20 UNEXPECTED
End Sub
*****
25 Class FChElement
*****
Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)
*****
30 '* Reads the properties of a FChElement object from a XML object
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
```

```

Dim tmpElementType As String
Dim lngIndex As Long
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList
5 Dim strOutLinks As String
Dim strCommentPosition As String
Dim arrayCommentPosition() As String
tmpElementType = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Type")
If Not ElementTypeDic.Exists(tmpElementType) Then
10    On Error GoTo 0
        ErrorMessage ErrMOD_UNKOWN_ELEMENT_TYPE,
        "FChElement.XMLReadProperties", ALARM, _
        tmpElementType
    Else
15        ElementType = ElementTypeDic(tmpElementType)
        mNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Number")
        mCaption = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Caption")
        mDefaultCaption = (mCaption = "%D%")
        If mElementType = TGoto Then
            mGotoTargetNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement,
20                "GotoTargetNumber")
        End If
        If mElementType = TComment Then
            strCommentPosition = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement,
25                "CommentPosition")
            If Len(strCommentPosition) > 0 Then
                arrayCommentPosition = Split(strCommentPosition, ",")
                If Not IsEmpty(arrayCommentPosition) Then
                    If UBound(arrayCommentPosition) = 3 Then
                        For lngIndex = 0 To 3
                            mCommentPosition(lngIndex) =
30                                CLng(arrayCommentPosition(lngIndex))

```

```
        Next
    End If
End If
End If
5   End If
Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes
For Each childElement In childElements
    Select Case childElement.tagName
        Case "SourceCode"
10       If (mElementType = TAction) Or (mElementType = TDecision) Then
            mSourceCode = childElement.Text
        Else
            ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
            "FChElement.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
15       childElement.tagName
        End If
        Case "Comment"
            mComment = childElement.Text
        Case "Instance"
20       If mElementType = TSubChart Then
            Set mInstance = New FChInstance
            Set mInstance.Body = mBody
            Set mInstance.Element = Me
            mInstance.XMLReadProperties childElement
        Else
25       ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
            "FChElement.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
            childElement.tagName
        End If
30       Case Else
            ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
            "FChElement.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
```

```

childElement.TagName

    End Select

    Next

End If

5   Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:

    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChElement.XMLReadProperties",
UNEXPECTED

End Sub

```

10

```

*****
Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
*****
15  ' * Writes the properties of FChElement object to a XML object
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

20  Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Element")
xmlElement.appendChild childElement
childElement.setAttribute "Number", mNumber
childElement.setAttribute "Type", ElementTypeNames(mElementType)
childElement.setAttribute "Caption", mCaption

25  If mElementType = TGoTo Then
        childElement.setAttribute "GotoTargetNumber", mGotoTargetNumber
    End If
    XMLWriteTextNode childElement, "Comment", mComment
    If (mElementType = TAction) Or (mElementType = TDecision) Then
30        XMLWriteTextNode childElement, "SourceCode", mSourceCode
    End If
    If mElementType = TComment Then

```

```
    childElement.SetAttribute "CommentPosition",
Str$(mCommentPosition(0)) & "," & _
                           Str$(mCommentPosition(1)) & "," & _
                           Str$(mCommentPosition(2)) & "," & _
5                           Str$(mCommentPosition(3))

End If

If Not mInstance Is Nothing Then
    mInstance.XMLWriteProperties childElement
End If

10 Exit Sub

ErrorHandler:
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChElement.XMLWriteProperties",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub
```

15

Class FChLink

```
20 *****

Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
*****
'* Reads the properties of a FChLink object from a XML object
25 *****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
mNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Number")
mSourceNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "SourceElement")
mTargetNumber = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "TargetElement")
30 mIndex = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Index")
mCaption = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Caption")
mDefaultCaption = (mCaption = "%D%")
```

```
    Exit Sub  
ErrorHandler:  
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLink.XMLReadProperties", UNEXPECTED  
End Sub
```

5

```
*****  
Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As  
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)  
10 *****  
'* Writes the properties of FChLink object to a XML object  
*****  
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler  
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement  
15 Dim objFChlink As FChLink  
Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Link")  
xmlElement.appendChild childElement  
childElement.SetAttribute "Number", mNumber  
childElement.SetAttribute "SourceElement", mSourceNumber  
20 childElement.SetAttribute "TargetElement", mTargetNumber  
childElement.SetAttribute "Index", mIndex  
childElement.SetAttribute "Caption", mCaption  
Exit Sub  
ErrorHandler:  
25 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChLink.XMLWriteProperties", UNEXPECTED  
End Sub
```

30 **Class FChInstance**

```
*****  
Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As
```

MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)

```
*****
'* Reads the properties of a FChInstance object from a XML object
*****
```

5 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement

Dim childElements As MSXML.IXMLDOMNodeList

Dim mAssignment As FChAssignment

Dim mSubChartType As FChType

10 Dim strIfVersion As String

 mChartType = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "ChartType")

 mName = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Name")

 strIfVersion = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "InterfaceVersion")

 If IsNumeric(strIfVersion) And Len(strIfVersion) > 0 Then

15 mInterfaceVersion = Format\$(strIfVersion)

 Else

 mInterfaceVersion = 0

 End If

 Set mSubChartType = ChartType

20 Set childElements = xmlElement.childNodes

 For Each childElement In childElements

 Select Case childElement.TagName

 Case "Assignment"

 Set mAssignment = New FChAssignment

25 mAssignment.XMLReadProperties childElement

 If Not mSubChartType Is Nothing Then

 Set mAssignment.lfxServer = mSubChartType.Interface.IfServer

 End If

 If AssignmentExists(mAssignment.Name) Then

 Set mAssignment = Nothing

 ErrorMessage ERRMOD_DUPLICATE_ASSIGNMENT,

 "FChInstance.XMLReadProperties", _

Open Office Document
Microsoft Word Document
Microsoft Excel Document
Microsoft PowerPoint Document
Microsoft Access Database
Microsoft Project Database
Microsoft Visio Diagram
Microsoft Word Template
Microsoft Excel Template
Microsoft Project Template
Microsoft Visio Template
Microsoft Word Macro
Microsoft Excel Macro
Microsoft Project Macro
Microsoft Visio Macro
Microsoft Word Document
Microsoft Excel Document
Microsoft Project Document
Microsoft Visio Document
Microsoft Word Template
Microsoft Excel Template
Microsoft Project Template
Microsoft Visio Template
Microsoft Word Macro
Microsoft Excel Macro
Microsoft Project Macro
Microsoft Visio Macro

```

WARNING, mAssignment.Name
    Else
        mCol.Add mAssignment, mAssignment.Name
    End If
5     Set mAssignment = Nothing
    Case Else
        ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_TAG,
        "FChInstance.XMLReadProperties", WARNING, _
        childElement.TagName
10    End Select
    Next
    Set mSubChartType = Nothing
    Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
15    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInstance.XMLReadProperties",
    UNEXPECTED
    End Sub

```

```

20 ****
Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)
*****
'* Writes the properties of FChInstance object to a XML object
25 ****
    On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
    Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
    Dim mAssignment As FChAssignment
    Set childElement =
30    xmlElement.ownerDocument.CreateElement("Instance")
        xmlElement.appendChild childElement
        childElement.SetAttribute "Name", mName

```

```
childElement.SetAttribute "InterfaceVersion", mInterfaceVersion  
childElement.SetAttribute "ChartType", mChartType  
For Each mAssignment In mCol  
    mAssignment.XMLWriteProperties childElement  
5    Next  
    Exit Sub  
ErrorHandler:  
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChInstance.XMLWriteProperties",  
    UNEXPECTED  
10   End Sub
```

Class FChAssignment

```
15 *****  
Friend Sub XMLReadProperties(xmlElement As  
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement)  
*****  
'* Reads the properties of a FChAssignment object from a XML object  
20 *****  
    On Error GoTo ErrorHandler  
    mName = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Name")  
    mValue = XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement, "Value")  
    Exit Sub  
25 ErrorHandler:  
    ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChAssignment.XMLReadProperties",  
    UNEXPECTED  
    End Sub
```

30 *****

Friend Sub XMLWriteProperties(xmlElement As

MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT)

```
*****
'* Writes the properties of FChAssignment object to a XML object
*****
```

5 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
Dim mAssignment As FChAssignment
Set childElement =
xmlElement.ownerDocument.createElement("Assignment")
10 xmlElement.appendChild childElement
childElement.setAttribute "Name", mName
childElement.setAttribute "Value", mValue
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
15 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "FChAssignment.XMLWriteProperties",
UNEXPECTED
End Sub

20

Global Subroutines and Functions

```
*****
Public Sub XMLWriteTextNode(xmlElement As
25     MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT, Name As String, Data As String)
*****
```

```
'* Writes a property as text node to a XML object
'* Property name is Name, property Data is in Data
*****
```

30 On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim childElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMELEMENT
Dim TextElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMText

```

If Len(Data) > 0 Then
    Set childElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.createElement(Name)
    xmlElement.appendChild childElement
    Set TextElement = xmlElement.ownerDocument.createTextNode(Data)
5     childElement.appendChild TextElement
End If
Exit Sub
ErrorHandler:
ErrorMessage Err.Number, "global.XMLWriteTextNode", UNEXPECTED
10 End Sub

```

```

*****
Public Function XMLCreateRootElement(ByVal TagName As String) As
15 MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
*****
'* Creates an XML root element with the specified TagName
*****
On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
20 Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument
Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument
Set rootElement = objDOMDocument.createElement(TagName)
Set objDOMDocument.documentElement = rootElement
25 Set XMLCreateRootElement = rootElement
Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
ErrorMessage Err.Number, "global.XMLCreateRootElement",
UNEXPECTED
30 End Function

```

**Public Function XMLCreateDocument(ByVal Contents As Variant) As
MSXML.DOMDocument**

5 /* Creates an XML document with the specified xml Contents

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler
Dim xml As String
Dim objDOMDocument As MSXML.DOMDocument
10 Dim rootElement As MSXML.IXMLDOMElement
Set objDOMDocument = New MSXML.DOMDocument
xml = Contents
If objDOMDocument.loadXML(xml) Then
 Set XMLCreateDocument = objDOMDocument
15 Else
 Set XMLCreateDocument = Nothing
 On Error GoTo 0
 ErrorMessage ERRMOD_XML_PARSER,
"global.XMLCreateDocument", ALARM
20 End If
Exit Function
ErrorHandler:
 ErrorMessage Err.Number, "global.XMLCreateDocument", UNEXPECTED
End Function
25

**Public Function XMLGetAttribute(xmlElement As
MSXML.IXMLDOMElement, Name As String) As String**

30 /* Gets an Attribute from an XML element (needed because of error handling)

```

On Error GoTo ErrorHandler

XMLGetAttribute = xmlElement.GetAttribute(Name)

Exit Function

ErrorHandler:

5   XMLGetAttribute = ""

End Function

```

```

*****
10  Public Sub ErrorMessage(ByVal Number As Long, _
                           ByVal Source As String, _
                           ByVal Severity As ErrorSeverity, _
                           Optional ByVal AddInfo As String = "")  

*****
15  '* Logs an Error message and raises an Error
*****  

20      Dim strTmp As String
          Dim lngErrorNumber As Long
          Dim lngHelpContextID As Long
25      Select Case Severity
              Case WARNING ' Logging only, no error raised
                  strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(Number, "Error")
                  If Len(AddInfo) > 0 Then strTmp = strTmp & ": " & AddInfo
                  lngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +
30      Number
                  lngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +
Number
                  PrintForDebug TraceFileName, strTmp & ": " & Source
              Case ALARM ' Error is logged and Error is raised
35      strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(Number, "Error")
                  If Len(AddInfo) > 0 Then strTmp = strTmp & ": " & AddInfo
                  lngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

```

Number

 lngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

 PrintForDebug TraceFileName, strTmp & ":" & Source

5 Err.Raise lngErrorNumber, Source, strTmp, App.HelpFile,

 lngHelpContextID

 Case INTERNAL ' General "internal error" is raised, but detailed logged

 strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(Number, "Error")

 If Len(AddInfo) > 0 Then strTmp = strTmp & ":" & AddInfo

10 lngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

 lngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

 PrintForDebug TraceFileName, strTmp & ":" & Source

15 strTmp = objResourceAccess.GetResString(ERRMOD_INTERNAL, "Error")

 lngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

ERRMOD_INTERNAL

 lngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

20 ERRMOD_INTERNAL

 Err.Raise lngErrorNumber, Source, strTmp, App.HelpFile,

 lngHelpContextID

 Case UNEXPECTED ' Unknown error caused by VB or a subcomponent.

 Treated like warning

25 PrintForDebug TraceFileName, Err.Description & ":" & Source

 Err.Raise Err.Number, Source, Err.Description, Err.HelpFile,

 Err.HelpContext

 Case CREATEFILE

 PrintForDebug TraceFileName, "START", True

30 Case STEP7ERROR

 lngErrorNumber = vbObjectError + ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +

Number

```
    IngHelpContextID = HELP_ON_ERRMOD_BASE_NUMBER +  
    Number  
    PrintForDebug TraceFileName, "STEP7 Error: " &  
    Format$(IngErrorNumber) & ":" & Source  
5   End Select  
End Sub
```

10

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